



PAPUA NEW GUINEA

POPULATION: 9 MILLION

2019

38 000 FELL ILL WITH TB (31 000 – 46 000)

men 37% women 35% children 28%

30 000 people with TB notified (new and relapse)



8 000 people not notified or not diagnosed

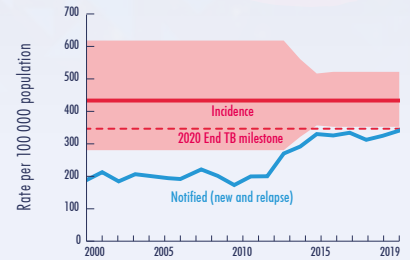
4 400 TB DEATHS

(3 000 – 6 100)

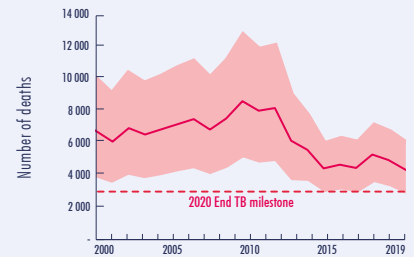
including 310 deaths among people with HIV



TB INCIDENCE 2000-2019

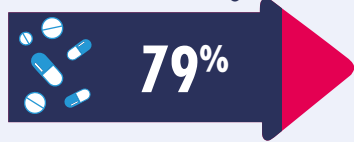


TB MORTALITY 2000-2019
(EXCLUDES PEOPLE WITH HIV)



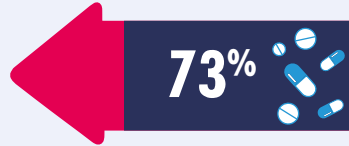
TREATMENT

TB treatment coverage



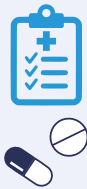
2025
90%
End TB operational target

Treatment success rate



DRUG-RESISTANT TB

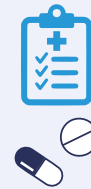
Estimate **2 000**
(1 200 – 2 900)
people fell ill with **drug-resistant TB**



580 laboratory confirmed
438 started on second-line treatment

TB/HIV

1 500
(720 – 2 400)
people living with **HIV** fell ill with **TB**



1 204 notified
962 notified and on antiretroviral treatment

TB PREVENTIVE TREATMENT

25%
HIV-positive people (newly enrolled in care) on TB preventive treatment

35%
1 249 children (aged <5 years) household contacts of bacteriologically confirmed TB cases on TB preventive treatment

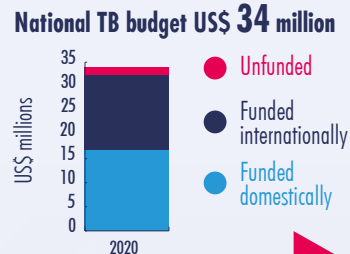
236
(aged >5 years) household contacts of bacteriologically confirmed TB cases on TB preventive treatment*

TB CATASTROPHIC COSTS

Year of survey: 2019

34%
TB patients facing catastrophic total costs

TB FINANCING 2020

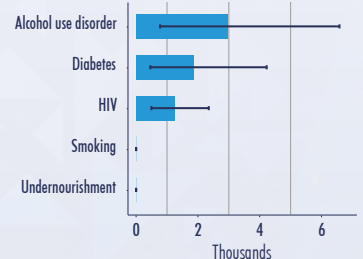


TB-SDG MONITORING FRAMEWORK

Population living below the international poverty line (% of population)	Household health expenditure >10% of total expenditure/income (% of population)	UHC index of essential service coverage	Population covered by social protection floors/systems (% of population)
38%	-	40	4.2%

Monitoring of the above indicators can be used to identify key influences on the TB epidemic at national level and inform the multisectoral actions required to end TB.

Number of TB cases attributable to 5 risk factors



* Total number of eligible contacts aged ≥5 years not available by country